

Vícevláknové programování

Jenom GHC a pořádně jenom při komplikování s parametrem `-threaded`

```

Modul IO
-----

type IOError = IOException
userError :: String -> IOError
isAlreadyExistsError :: IOError -> Bool
isDoesNotExistError :: IOError -> Bool
isAlreadyInUseError :: IOError -> Bool
isFullError :: IOError -> Bool
isEOFError :: IOError -> Bool
isIllegalOperation :: IOError -> Bool
isPermissionError :: IOError -> Bool
isUserError :: IOError -> Bool

ioError :: IOError -> IO a
catch :: IO a -> (IOError -> IO a) -> IO a
try :: IO a -> IO (Either IOError a)
bracket :: IO a -> (a -> IO b) -> (a -> IO c) -> IO c
bracket_ :: IO a -> (a -> IO b) -> IO c -> IO c

do = c<-catch getLine (\e -> if IO.isEOFError e then return [] else ioError e)

Modul Data.Dynamic
-----
module Data.Typeable

toDyn      :: Typeable a => a -> Dynamic
fromDyn    :: Typeable a => Dynamic -> a -> a
fromDynamic :: Typeable a => Dynamic -> Maybe a

Modul Control.Exception
-----
data Exception = ArithException | IOError | ... deriving (Eq, Show, Typeable)
ioErrors     :: Exception -> Maybe IOError
arithExceptions :: Exception -> Maybe ArithException
errorCalls   :: Exception -> Maybe String
dynExceptions :: Exception -> Maybe Dynamic

throwIO :: Exception -> IO a
throw    :: Exception -> a           I mimo IO monádu
throwTo  :: ThreadId -> Exception -> IO ()
assert   :: Bool -> a -> a
catch    :: IO a -> (Exception -> IO a) -> IO a
handle   :: (Exception -> IO a) -> IO a -> IO a
try      :: IO a -> IO (Either Exception a)

throwDyn  :: Typeable exception => exception -> b
throwDynTo :: Typeable exception => ThreadId -> exception -> IO ()
catchDyn  :: Typeable exception => IO a -> (exception -> IO a) -> IO a

block    :: IO a -> IO a           Dědí se skrz forkIO
unblock  :: IO a -> IO a           K použití uvnitř blocku

bracket :: IO a -> (a -> IO b) -> (a -> IO c) -> IO c
bracket before after thing = block (do a <- before
                                         r <- catch (unblock (thing a))
                                         (\e -> do { after a; throw e })
                                         after a
                                         return r)
finally :: IO a -> IO b -> IO a
a `finally` sequel = block (do r <- catch (unblock a)
                               (\e -> do { sequel; throw e })
                               sequel
                               return r)

```


Control.Concurrent.Chan

```

data Chan a
newChan :: IO (Chan a)
writeChan :: Chan a -> a -> IO ()
readChan :: Chan a -> IO a
isEmptyChan :: Chan a -> IO Bool

Další střeva QSemu
data Chan a = Chan (MVar (Stream a)) (MVar (Stream a))
type Stream a = MVar (ChItem a)
data ChItem a = ChItem a (Stream a)
newChan = do hole <- newEmptyMVar
             read <- newMVar hole
             write <- newMVar hole
             return (Chan read write)
writeChan (Chan _read write) val = do new_hole <- newEmptyMVar
                                         modifyMVar_ write $ \old_hole -> do
                                             putMVar old_hole (ChItem val new_hole)
                                             return new_hole
readChan (Chan read _write) = do modifyMVar read $ \read_end -> do
                                   (ChItem val new_read_end) <- readMVar read_end
                                   return (new_read_end, val)

```

Ale co synchronizace?

```

inc :: IORef Int -> QSem -> IO ()
inc x s = do v <- readIORRef x
              writeIORRef x (v + 1)
              signalQSem s
doInc :: Int -> IORef Int -> IO ()
doInc n r = do s <- newQSem
               sequence_ (replicate n $ forkIO (inc r s))
               sequence_ (replicate n $ waitQSem s)
w2 = do r <- newIORRef 0
        doInc 100000 r
        x <- readIORRef r
        putStrLn (show x)

```

Control.MonadSTM

```

data STM a

atomically :: STM a -> IO a
retry :: STM a
orElse :: STM a -> STM a -> STM a
catchSTM :: STM a -> (Exception -> STM a) -> STM a

data TVar a
newTVar :: a -> STM (TVar a)
readTVar :: TVar a -> STM a
writeTVar :: TVar a -> a -> STM ()

```

Synchronizace

```

incS :: TVar Int -> QSem -> IO ()
incS x s = do atomically $ do v <- readTVar x
                           writeTVar x (v + 1)
                           signalQSem s 1
doIncS :: Int -> TVar Int -> IO ()
doIncS n r = do s <- newQSem 0
                sequence_ (replicate n $ forkIO (incS r s))
                sequence_ (replicate n $ waitQSem s)
w3 = do r <- atomically (newTVar 0)
        doIncS 100000 r
        x <- atomically (readTVar r)
        putStrLn (show x)

```

Čekání na událost

```
produce::TVar [Int]->Int->IO ()
produce q n = do atomically $ do s <- readTVar q
                           writeTVar q (n : s)
consume::TVar Int->TVar [Int]->IO ()
consume e q = do s <- atomically $ do l <- readTVar q
                           if length l < 100 then retry
                           else do writeTVar q (drop 100 l)
                           return (take 100 l)
                           putStrLn (show $ sum s)
                           atomically $ do k <- readTVar e
                           writeTVar e (k-1)
w4 = do s <- atomically (newTVar [])
          e <- atomically (newTVar 10)
          sequence_ (replicate 10 $ (forkIO $ consume e s))
          mapM_ (\n -> forkIO (produce s n)) [1..1000]
          atomically $ do ne <- readTVar e
                           if ne /= 0 then retry else return ()
```

Ukončování programu -- jakmile skončí main, skončí všechno

Možnosti úpravy

```
myForkIO:: IO () -> IO (MVar ())
myForkIO io = do mvar <- newEmptyMVar
                           forkIO (io `finally` putMVar mvar ())
                           return mvar
```

Nebo ještě pohodlněji

```
children:: MVar [MVar ()]
children = unsafePerformIO (newMVar [])

waitForChildren = do cs <- takeMVar children
                           case cs of
                               [] -> return ()
                               m:ms -> do putMVar children ms
                                         takeMVar m
                                         waitForChildren

forkChild:: IO () -> IO ThreadId
forkChild io = do mvar <- newEmptyMVar
                           childs <- takeMVar children
                           putMVar children (mvar:childs)
                           forkIO (io `finally` putMVar mvar ())
main = ... waitForChildren
```